

The essays, included in this book, aim to explore the concept of legitimate expectation, as well as its understanding and usage in such countries as the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, India, South Africa, Hong Kong and Singapore. The authors of these essays not only address the operation of this concept in different jurisdictions, but also make a view on doctrinal developments over legitimate expectation.

*V. Reshetnikov*

J. ÖBERG, *Limits to EU Powers. A Case Study of EU Regulatory Criminal Law*, Hart Publishing, 2017, 256 pp., ISBN: 978-1-50990-336-8

The book set out to answer the question of how limits upon the exercise of Union competences can be constructed. This book seeks to give a final response to this question. The first part of this book examines the general question of the study: how competence control can be enhanced. The second part discusses the substantive and procedural limits to the exercise of EU competences, while the final part indicates directions for future research. The book indicates the presence of a number of procedural and substantive limits to the exercise of EU powers. These include the subsidiarity principle, which limits harmonization laws. While some people will no doubt disagree with the outcome of Öberg's analysis, which may be seen as restricting unduly EU powers to act in the field, the book constitutes an invaluable and essential reading for academics, policy makers, practitioners and especially for students interested in all aspects of EU criminal law, and in the evolution of EU constitutional law more broadly.

*A.-G. Simon*

E. U. PETERSMANN, *Multilevel Constitutionalism for Multilevel Governance of Public Goods*, Hart Publishing, 2017, 416 pp., ISBN: 978-1-50990-906-3

There is no government over governments or power that can force a state to take a path that it does not aim for unless it satisfies its

citizens and political system. International organizations try to fulfill this gap for the ultimate good of all. Ernst Ulrich Petersmann, in this book, critically analyzes multilevel governance of global public good from different perspectives that lead him to believe that there is a need for a new philosophy for international law in order to achieve the security of public good for all more efficiently. This book is a unique opportunity for the reader to understand why many treaties, agreements, international laws do not function in our present day.

*A. Albutti*

C. TAN / J. FAUNDEZ (eds), *Natural Resources and Sustainable Development*, Edward Elgar Publishing, 2017, 352 pp., ISBN: 978-1-78347-837-8

In this comprehensive text, Tan and Faundez compile contributions from seventeen academics, policymakers, and campaigners to provide a multifaceted collection focused on the regulation of natural resources in developing countries. In their goal to give voices to those in the global south regarding the reappraisal of the current legal framework, Tan and Faundez synthesize varying academic subjects, ranging from economic law to human rights to environmental protection, with the end result of producing a collection that is both challenging and enlightening. The diverse and sometimes conflicting perspectives highlighted prove that sustainable development is a field worth further attention on the international legal stage.

*M. Sergison*